

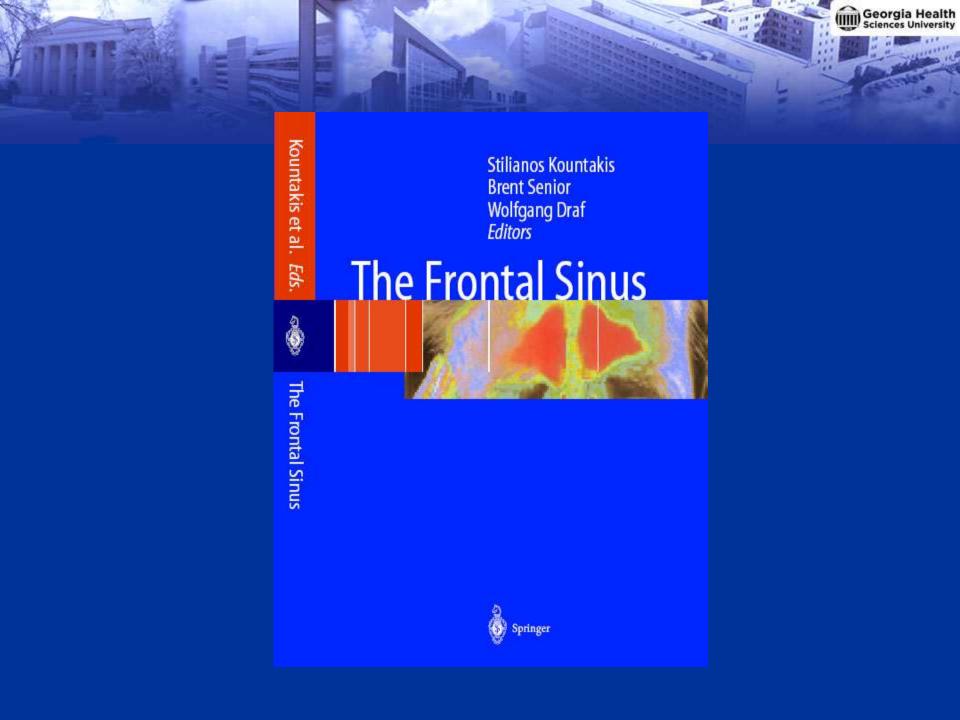
Frontal Sinus: Anatomy and Endoscopic Approach

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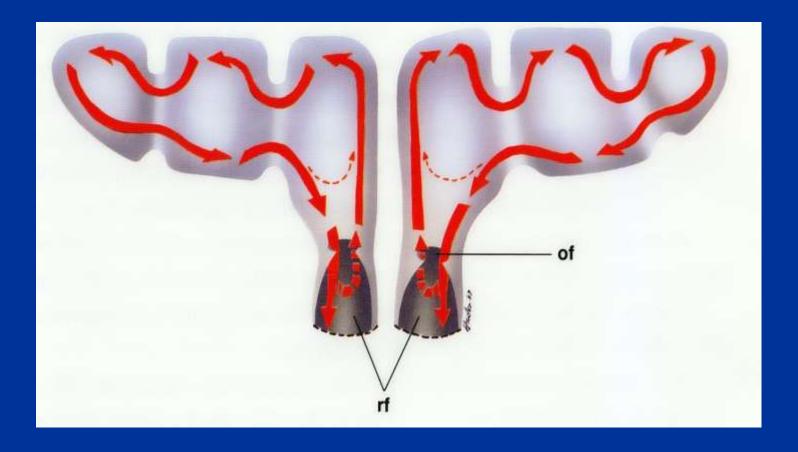
Department of Otolaryngology / Head & Neck Surgery



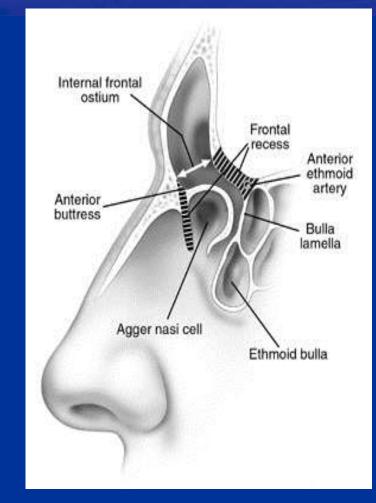


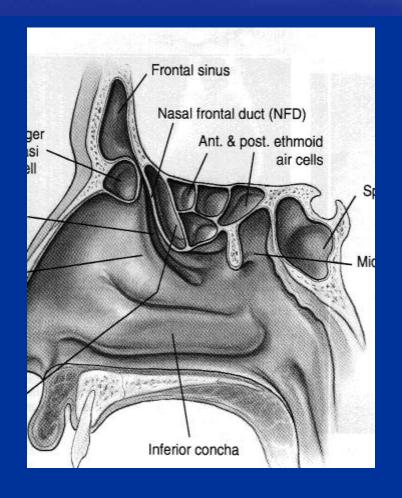


#### FS Mucociliary Clearance (Messerklinger)











Frontal cell - Type I

Frontal cell - Type II



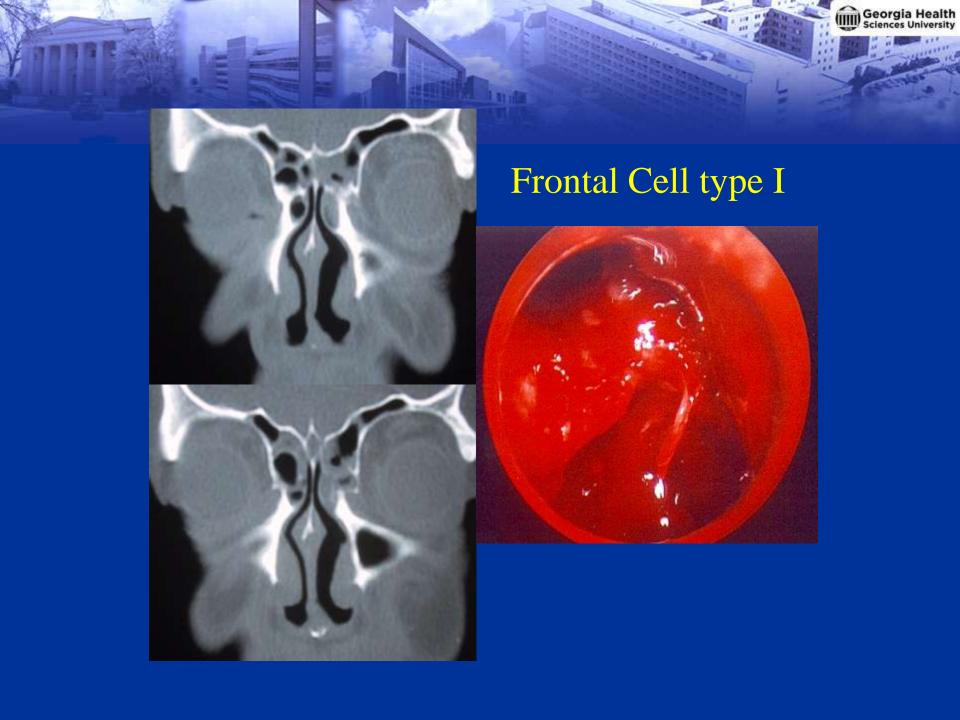






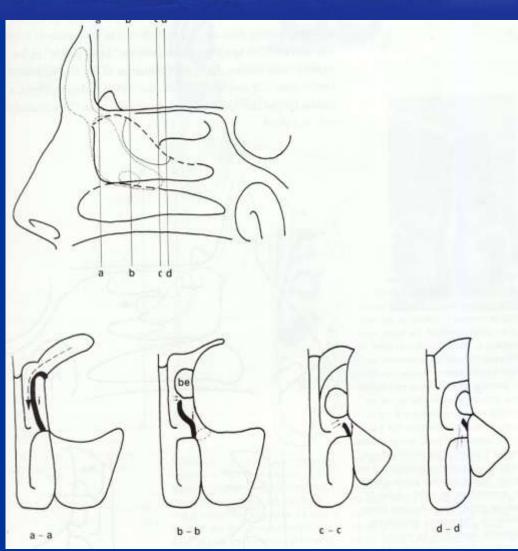








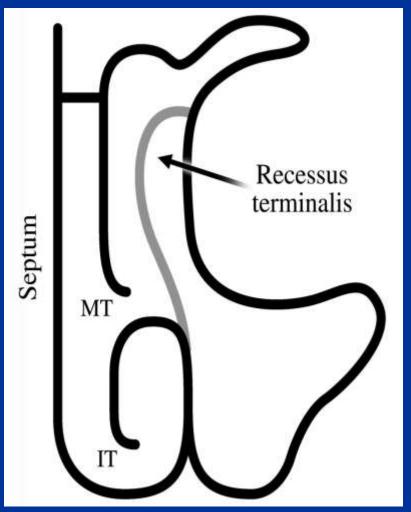
# Uncinate Process





## **Uncinate to Lamina**

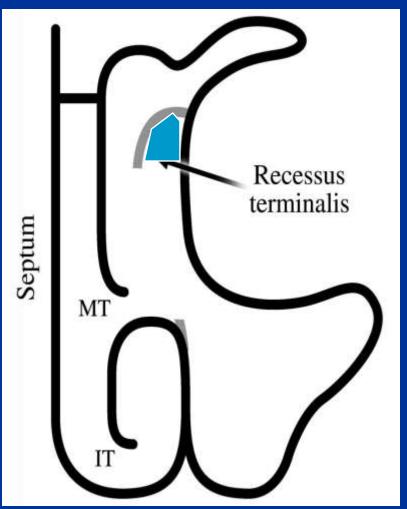
Recessus Terminalis





## **Uncinate to Lamina**

**Recessus Terminalis** 





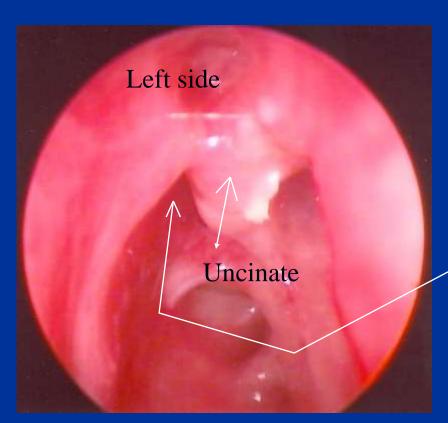
## **Uncinate to Lamina**

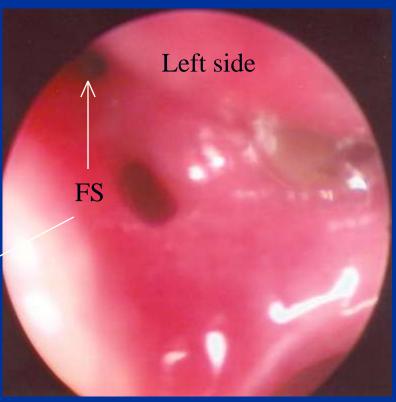




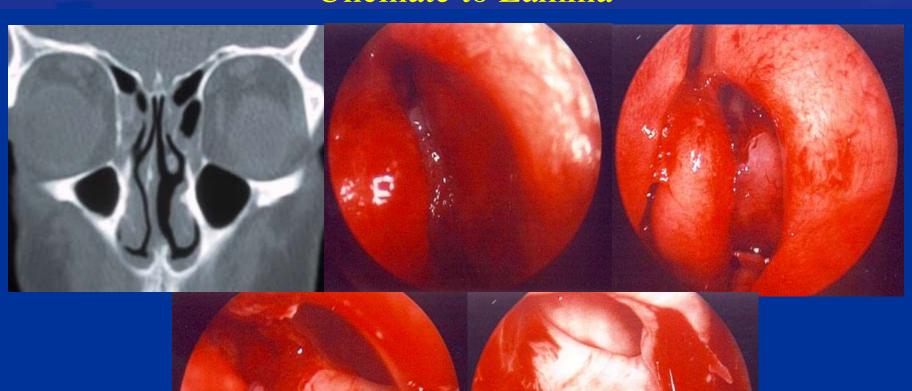


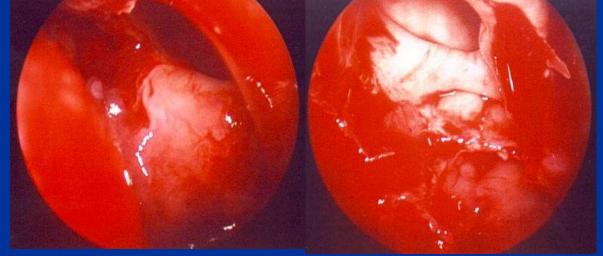








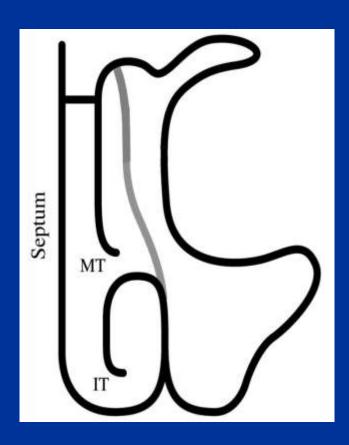


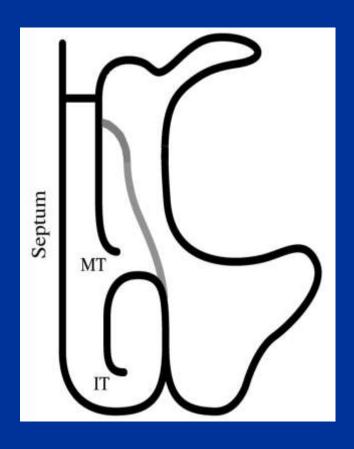




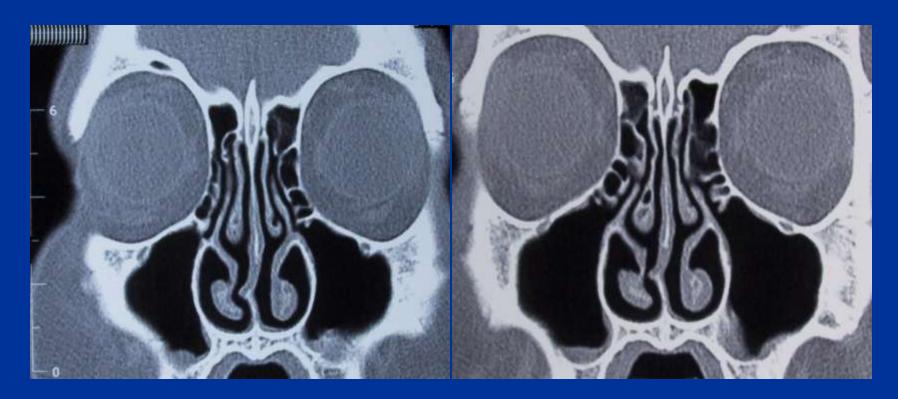
#### **Uncinate to Skull base**

#### **Uncinate to Middle Turbinate**



















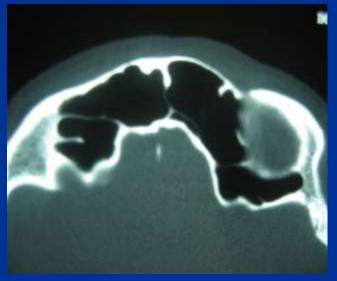






## Supraorbital Ethmoid Air Cell











# Supraorbital Ethmoid Air Cell





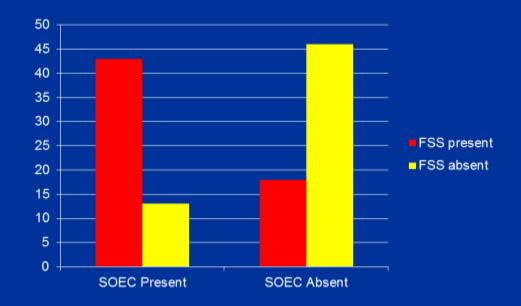






# Frontal Sinus Septations and SOE cells

p=10 <sup>-7</sup>	Frontal Septations	SOECells
YES	61	43 (70%)
NO	59	13 (22%)



Kountakis, SE et al, Triological-COSM, San Diego, CA May 2012



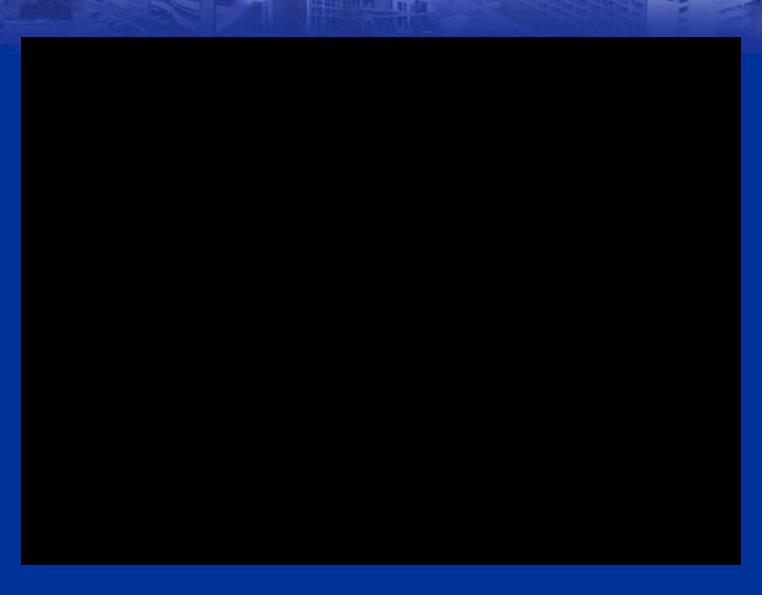
Supraorbital ethmoid cell as a landmark for the anterior ethmoidal artery



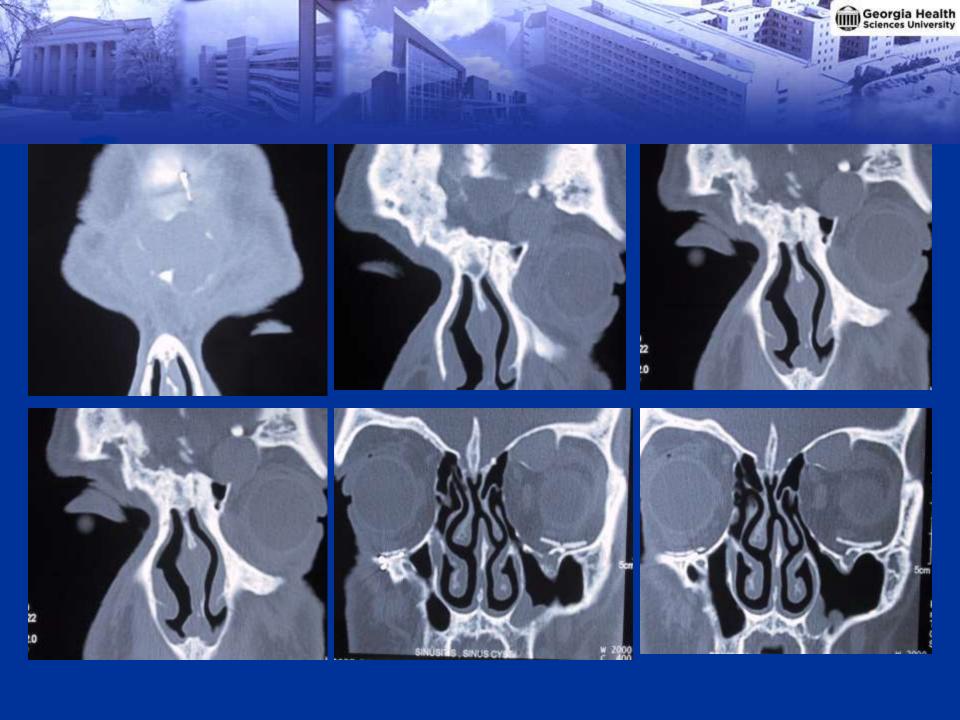




# **SOE and Anterior Ethmoidal Artery**









## **SOE** cells and orbital proptosis

p=0.006	Proptosis	SOE
YES	16	15 (94%)
NO	50	13 (26%)

14 of 15 SOEC were the cause of proptosis

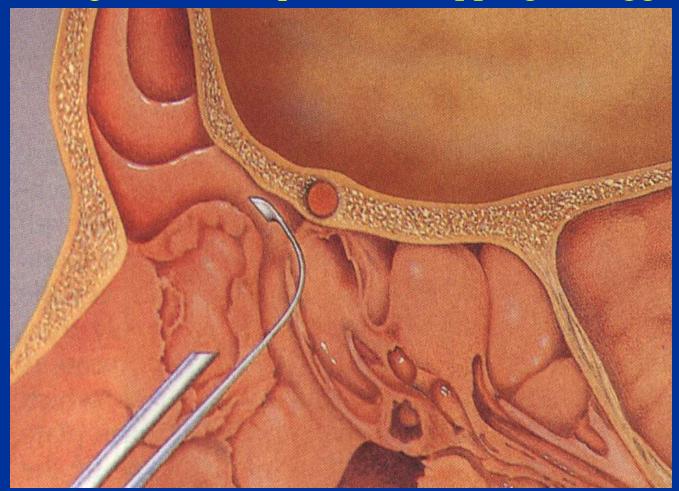
Comer B, Kountakis, SE. In Press, International Forum of Allergy and Rhinology



- I Anterior ethmoidectomy with drainage of the frontal recess without touching the frontal ostium
- II A Removal of ethmoidal cells protruding into the frontal sinus ("uncapping the egg") creating an opening between the middle turbinate medially and the lamina papyracea laterally
- II B Removal of the frontal sinus floor between the nasal septum and the lamina papyracea laterally
- III Endoscopic modified Lorthrop procedure (Frontal Drill out): removal of the frontal sinus floor bilaterally and the upper part of the nasal septum



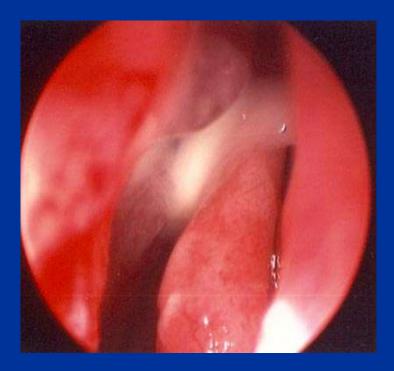
## Surgical Techniques - "uncapping the egg"





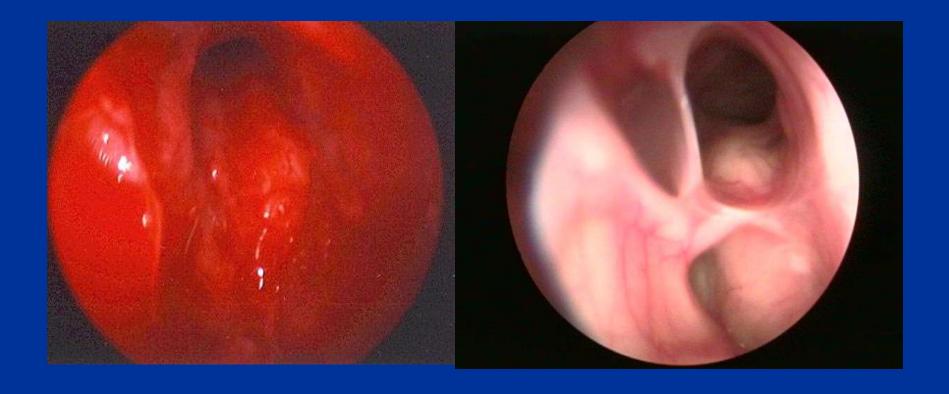
 Agger Nasi vs Frontal Cell obstructing frontal recess







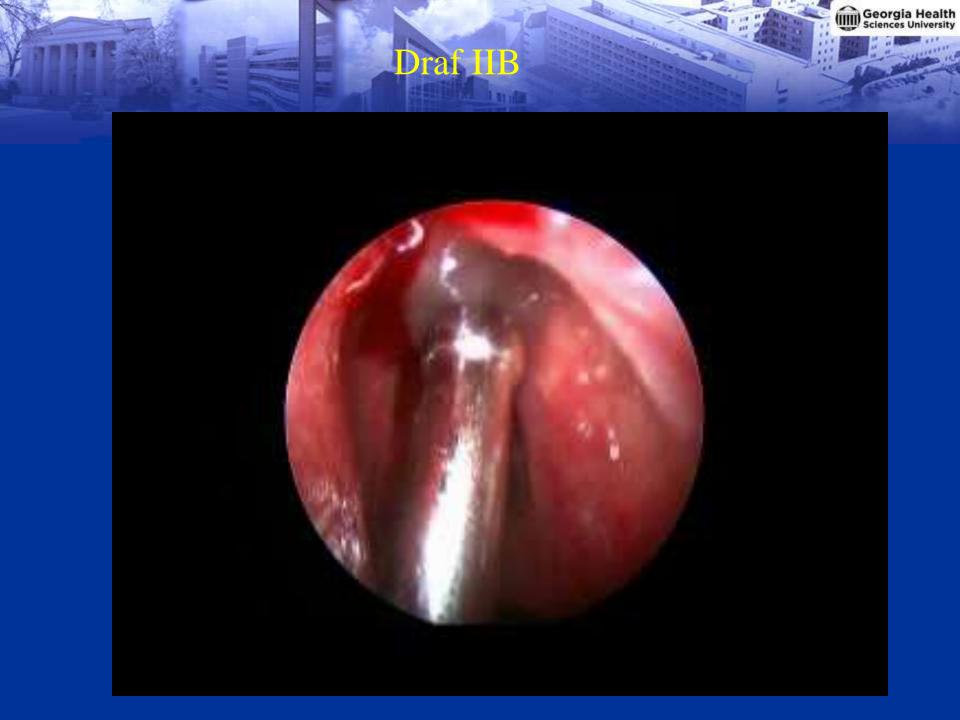
## One year post-op





# Advanced frontal techniques

- Revision cases scarring in the frontal recess
- Frontal stents
- Combination approaches-Mini-trephination + endoscopic
- Endoscopic modified Lothrop: the last step before frontal sinus obliteration
- FS obliteration: last resort

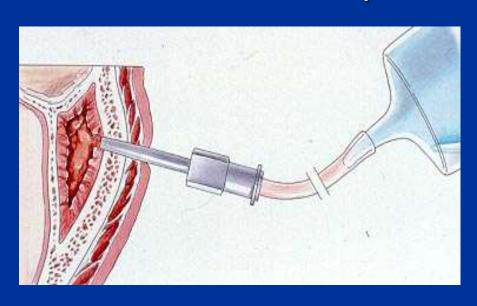


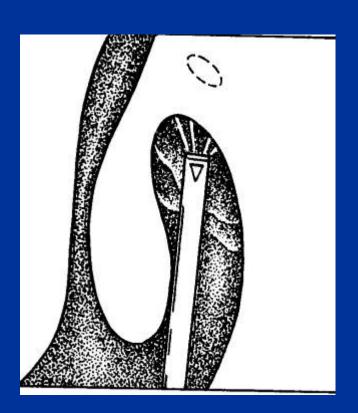




 Revision FESS frontal

Mini-trephination





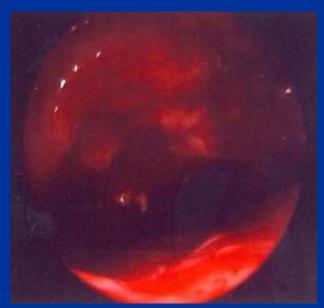


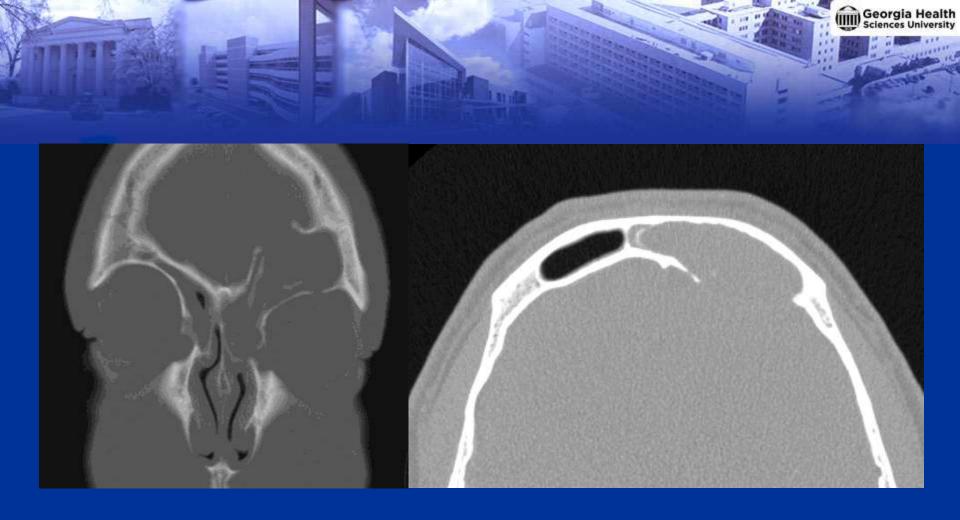


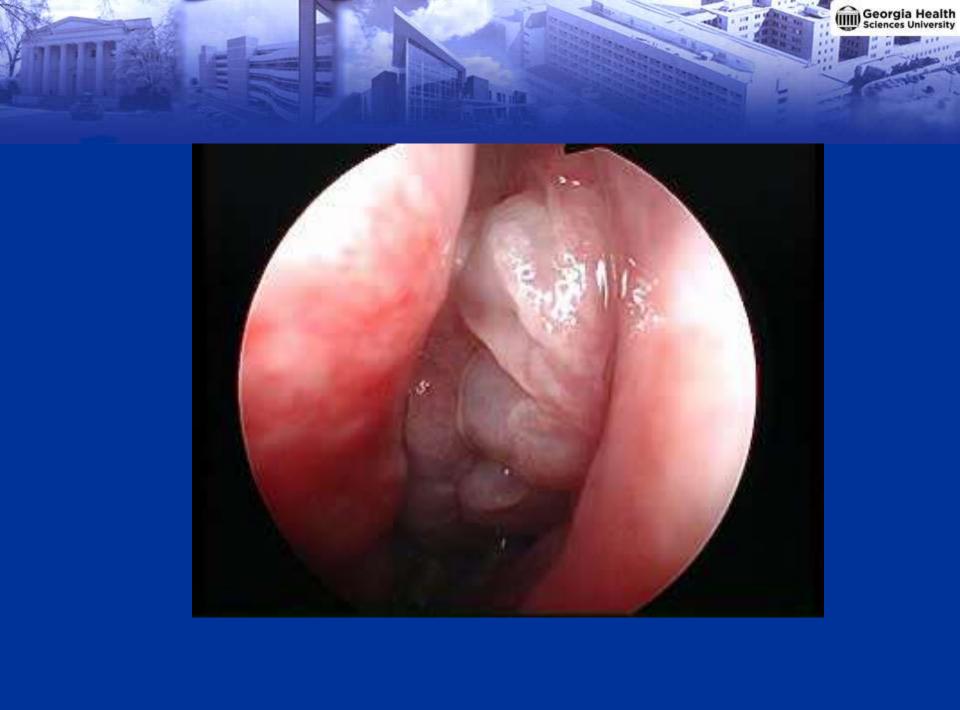


Frontal Cell Type IV Combination approach

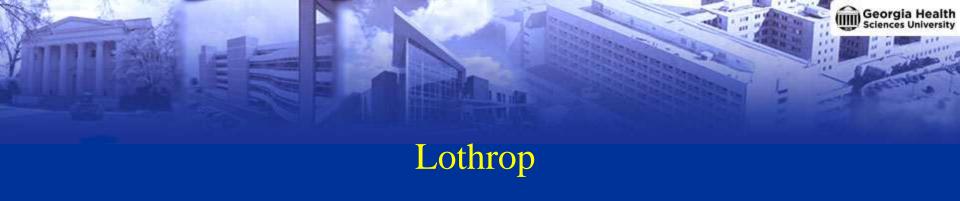


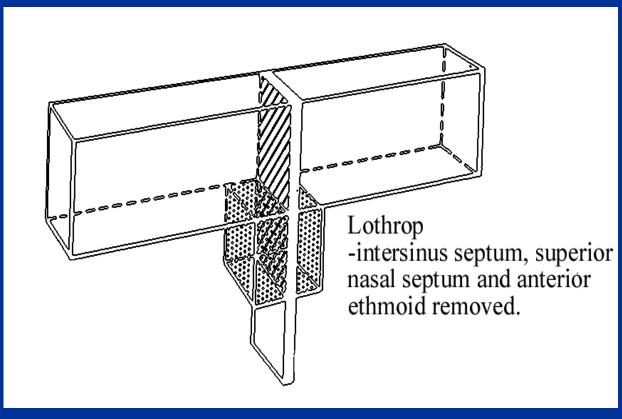




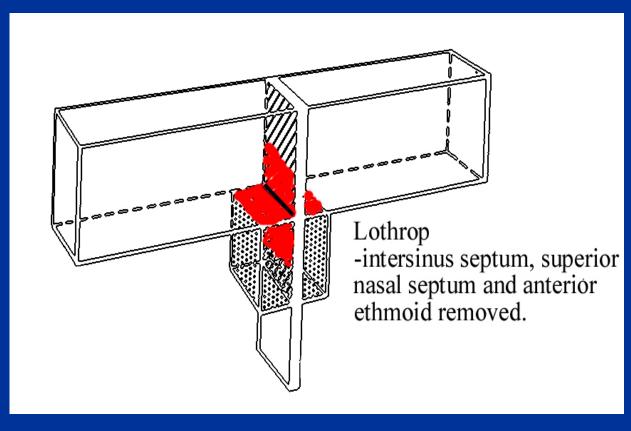






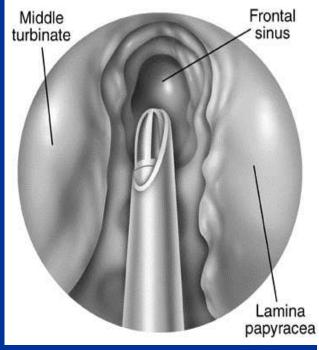


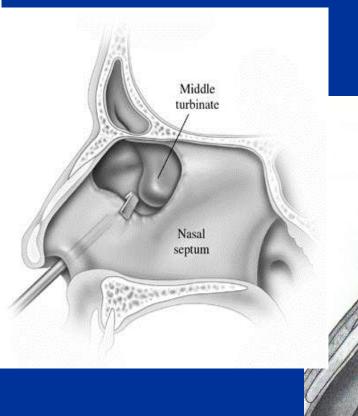


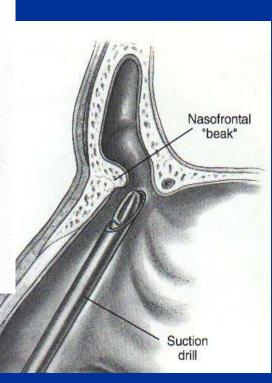




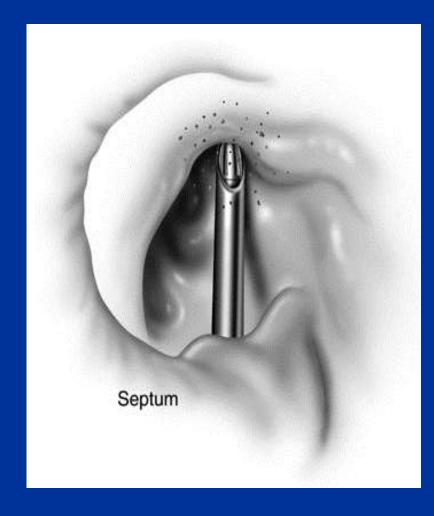
### **Endoscopic Modified Lothrop**

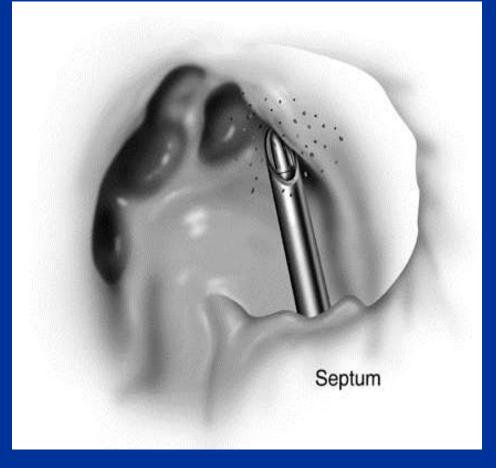














#### Indications

- Persistent chronic frontal sinusitis with failure of appropriate medical therapy and after unsuccessful primary endoscopic frontal sinusotomy
- Inverted papilloma
- Osteoma other benign tumors
- Trauma
- Last resort procedure prior to osteoplastic frontal sinus obliteration



## Contraindications

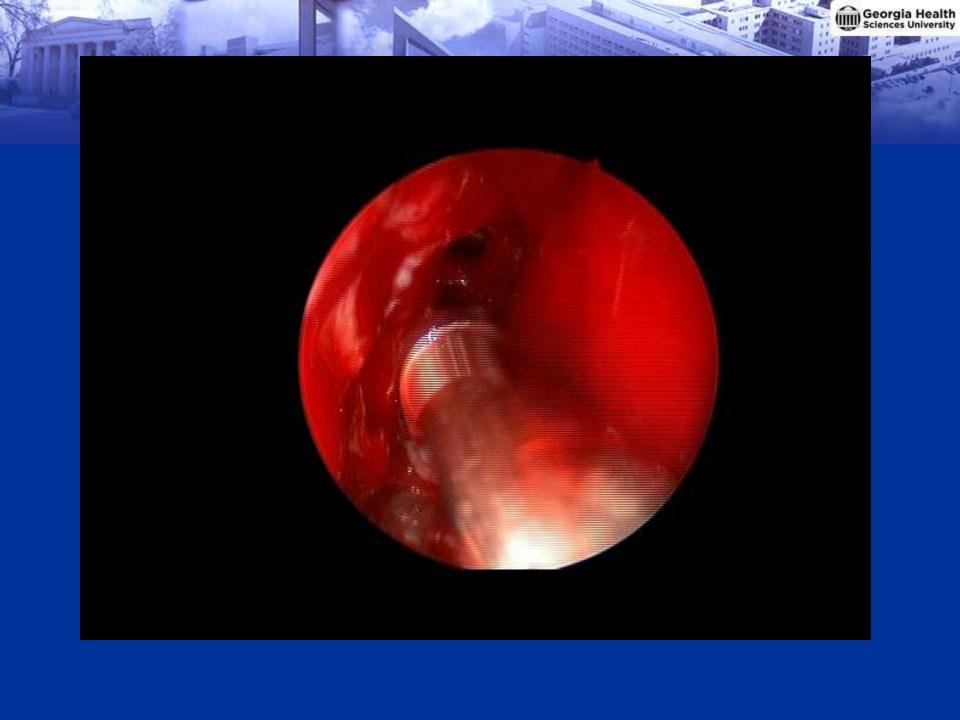
- Hypoplastic frontal sinus and frontal recess
- Lack of experience by the surgeon
- Lack of proper instrumentation
- Sinus disease located in a supraorbital ethmoid air cell and not in the frontal sinus



# • EMLP - 1 year post-op









### Draf III, Endoscopic Modified Lothrop for Inverted Papilloma

2 weeks post-op



